Automotive Technology Service

Purpose:

Students are given the opportunity to demonstrate knowledge, skills and talents learned in the area of a career/technology education class. Through the completion of individual projects, students will demonstrate technological literacy. These activity-based assignments better prepare students to become productive members in automotive professions or to enter a post-secondary institution after graduation.

Description:

This is a performance-based contest. Students will be expected to demonstrate skills/competencies performed within a specified time limit. **Project display boards are not required for this event.**

Rules and Procedures:

- 1. Each student will perform individually.
- 2. Each student will be required to demonstrate identical competencies.
- 3. A white button-down shirt, navy pants, and work safety shoes (with protective toe cap), and safety glasses must be worn by each student.
- 4. The Georgia CTI State Office will furnish all equipment, except for individual tools needed by the student for demonstrating certain skills.
- 5. The contestants will rotate between the holding area and the skills demonstration station. The judges will issue a schedule to the contestants at the beginning of the contest. There can be only one contestant at a time in the performance room.

Name of
Participant

School

Procedure:

- 1. Each participant must complete a 3-point automotive inspection. At the designated time, each participant will turn in a copy of this page with the three points they have selected. The point options are listed below.
- 2. The participant will complete a repair order detailing work that needs to be done to the vehicle.
- 3. A 10-minute time limit to complete inspection and inspection report
- 4. Participant will give a 3-minute walk-through of the vehicle explaining to judge any defects found.
- 5. Participant will have 2 minutes to answer judge's questions.

Instructions:

1. Check the box next to the three points you wish to inspect:

Point 1: Basic Checks	Point 4: Hoses, Belts, and Wires 🔲
Wiper Blades	Belts
Lights	Spark Plugs and Ignition Wires
Air Filter	Power Steering Hoses
Point 2: Fluid Level & Condition Checks	Point 5: Battery Charge and Connections Check
Windshield Washer Fluid	Battery
Motor Oil	Battery Accessories
Power Steering Fluid	Battery Starting/Charging
Brake Fluid	Point 6: Steering and Suspension Check
Transmission Fluid	U-Joints
Coolant	Ball Joints
Point 3: Tire Maintenance Check 🔲	Constant Velocity Boots/Joints
Tire Pressure	Shocks and Struts
Tire Tread Depth	Point 7: Brake System Inspection
Tire Condition	Brake Pads
Alignment	Brake Calipers
	Brake Rotors

Automotive Repair Order

Location	Camp Rock Eagle	Date:
Vehicle I	Make	Vehicle Model
Vehicle `	Year	Vehicle Color
Odomete	er Mileage	
Check	Expla	ain any Defects
Point 1:	Basic Checks	
	Wiper Blades	
	Lights	
	Air Filter	
Point 2:	Fluid Level & Condition Checks	
	Windshield Washer Fluid	
	Motor Oil	
	Power Steering Fluid	
	Brake Fluid	
	Transmission Fluid	
	Coolant	
Point 3:	Tire Maintenance Check	
	Tire Pressure	
	Tire Tread Depth	
	Tire Condition	
	Alignment	
Point 4:	Hoses, Belts, and Wires	
	Belts	
	Spark Plugs and Ignition Wires	
	Power Steering Hoses	
Point 5:	Battery Charge and Connections Chec	SK
	Battery	
	Battery Accessories	
Detato	Battery Starting/Charging	
Point 6:	Steering and Suspension Check	
	U-Joints	
	Ball Joints	
	Constant Velocity Boots/Joints	
Doint 7:	Shocks and Struts	
Point /:	Brake System Inspection	
	Brake Pads	
	Brake Calipers	
	Brake Rotors	

Mechanic' Name (Print)

Mechanic's Signature

Judge Reference Sheet

BASIC CHECKS

First, one of our expert auto technicians checks your wiper blades, headlights, and air filter. But what are they looking for?

- WIPER BLADES: The technician looks for bent, torn, or missing blades, and to see if the wiper arm is providing the right amount of pressure to maintain firm blade contact with the windshield.
- LIGHTS: Where there's a bulb, there's an inspection. The technician checks operation of headlights, brake lights, license plate lights, parking lights, hazard lights, and more!
- AIR FILTER: Your air filter is removed and examined for dirt and debris. If the filter is missing or too dirty to perform its job, it probably needs to be replaced. We'll let you know.

FLUID LEVEL AND CONDITION CHECKS

Next, the technician dives into your vehicle's many fluids!

- WINDSHIELD WASHER FLUID: Is your wiper fluid reservoir drier than Route 66 in mid-July? A technician inspects and refills your wiper fluid, if needed, and then confirms that the washer pump and hoses work properly.
- MOTOR OIL: Once your engine is cool, the technician checks the oil level on the dipstick and notes the oil consistency. They aren't so concerned with the oil color since color isn't the sole indicator that it's time for an oil change. Many oils are darker than others when new. Instead, the technician is checking for oil that appears thick, gritty, or milky. These oil consistencies could indicate you're overdue for an oil change.
- POWER STEERING FLUID: Your power steering fluid makes it easier to turn the wheel in your car. Without it, steering would take some muscle! The technician checks the fluid in the pump reservoir and looks for signs of leakage in the pump, hoses, gear box, and/or rack and pinion assembly. Grayish or blackish fluid could mean you have internal steering problems.
- MASTER CYLINDER FLUID: The master cylinder is an essential part of your braking system. It's a pump that forces brake fluid to go where it needs to go, so you can stop when you want to stop. A technician inspects the master cylinder for leaks and damage. They look for fluid that's foamy, discolored, or showing signs of contamination—all of which could point to an issue in the brake system.
- BRAKE FLUID: Unlike Fred Flintstone, you can't actually use your feet to stop your vehicle. Instead, you push the brake pedal and brake fluid helps turn your push into pressure that moves the rest of the braking components, thereby slowing or stopping your car. If you're low on brake fluid, you may notice that when you push the brake pedal, it feels soft or goes down all the way to the car floor. A technician checks if your brake fluid needs to be replaced per the manufacturer's guidelines. They might perform a test drive as well.
- TRANSMISSION FLUID: Transmission fluid works as both a lubricator and temperature regulator inside the engine. The technician follows your manufacturer's recommendations for checking the transmission fluid level, and may recommend fluid replacement if it's brown or smells burnt.
- COOLANT: Coolant/antifreeze levels must be maintained to help prevent your engine from overheating. A technician visually inspects the coolant fluid level. If the engine is warm, a level of 1.5" below the radiator filler neck is acceptable. If the engine is cold, they'll look to see that the radiator tubes are not exposed.

HOSES, BELTS, AND WIRES EVALUATION

A car part may be perfectly good, but if it's not correctly connected to the rest of the car, you might as well call it broken!

• BELTS: With a poorly functioning belt tensioner or timing belt, your car's engine is going to

struggle to perform its best. It could even fail. A technician checks that both belts are functioning properly and may recommend replacement if it's close to your manufacturer's scheduled maintenance.

- SPARK PLUGS AND IGNITION WIRES: Together, spark plugs and ignition wires deliver the electricity your engine needs to start and then run, run, run! A technician looks for signs that either one is worn to the point of needing replacement—because a car that won't start does not spark joy!
- POWER STEERING HOSES: Remember what we said about power steering fluid? It applies to the power steering hoses, too! Bad or leaking power steering hoses can make it much harder for you to steer your vehicle. A technician looks for signs of wear and tear along the hoses that could put your vehicle handling in jeopardy.

BATTERY CHARGE AND CONNECTIONS CHECK

Our car battery inspection is so thorough that it deserves its own section!

- BATTERY: A technician will pop the hood and examine the battery and surrounding area for:
 - o Excessive dirt/contaminants on the battery case
 - o Corrosion on the battery terminals, cables, or tray
 - A leaking or swollen battery case
 - Loose or melted battery posts

*These are all signs it might be time for a battery replacement.

- BATTERY ACCESSORIES: Your battery accessories include the battery cables, insulation, terminal bolts, and hold-down hardware. A technician checks the length of the cables, verifies that the insulation is intact, and then inspects the terminal bolts for corrosion. They also examine the hold-down tray to ensure it's mechanically sound—a battery that bounces around can't do its job very well!
- BATTERY STARTING/CHARGING: A technician performs a computerized battery test to gauge how much charge is left in your battery. The test can even determine the temperature at which your battery might fail.

STEERING AND SUSPENSION CHECK

Let your technician know if something has felt "off" when you drive. If the problem has to do with your car's steering and suspension, this is when your technician will be able to troubleshoot the symptoms.

- U-JOINTS: The U-joints, or universal joints, hold the driveshaft in place—and the driveshaft is needed for your wheels to turn! Worn U-joints can make a clunking noise when shifting gears, or a squealing sound when driving slowly. A technician may perform a test drive, but will also check for looseness and rusting in each U-joint.
- BALL JOINTS: Ball joints function like human hip joints. They're a key part of your front suspension system and help you control your vehicle. Because the number and type of ball joints can vary from vehicle to vehicle, the technician first consults the manufacturer's specifications and inspection procedures before examining ball joints or recommending a replacement.
- CONSTANT VELOCITY BOOTS/JOINTS: Constant velocity, or CV, boots are often the first thing that needs replacement in the suspension system. CV boots cover and protect CV joints, which help your car turn left and right. A technician inspects the boots for holes or tears that could allow contaminants to damage the joints.
- SHOCKS AND STRUTS: Shock and strut wear can reveal itself in many ways, like vehicle rattling, swerving/dipping when braking, vibration in the steering wheel, or trouble stopping. A technician checks for structural damage and performs a test drive to personally "feel" for signs that shocks, struts, or mount assemblies need to be replaced.
- TIRE MAINTENANCE CHECK: Your tires are the only things touching the road when you drive. That makes them one of your car's most important parts! Our technicians give tires the

attention they deserve.

- TIRE PRESSURE: It's our policy that all tires serviced in our facilities be inflated to the cold inflation pressure specified by the vehicle manufacturer. We'll check that your tire inflation matches the manufacturer's recommendations, and with your permission, adjust it as needed.
- TIRE TREAD DEPTH: Without proper tread depth, your tires can't grip the road like they're supposed to! A technician will measure the tread depth at three locations in the inner and outer tread grooves. If irregular tire wear is obvious, they'll measure the tread at the lowest point, as this is the root of most tire failure incidents. By law, technicians are not allowed to repair tires with 2/32" or less tread depth. The tires must be replaced.
- TIRE CONDITION: You might not have a flat tire, but that doesn't mean you're driving on good tires. A technician will rotate and inspect each tire, marking areas showing cuts, punctures, uneven wear, curb damage, ply separation, cupping, breaks, and more. They will recommend a tire replacement if they notice:
 - A tire tread depth of 2/32" or less
 - Cord, ply, or tread separation
 - Exposed cords or belting materials
- ALIGNMENT: An alignment adjusts the angles at which your tires come into contact with the road. A technician may recommend an alignment if they notice uneven tire wear, a crooked steering wheel, or if parts of your steering/suspension are being replaced.

BRAKE SYSTEM INSPECTION

All power is useless without stopping power. That's why the final part of your inspection involves a thorough brake check where all four wheels are removed—it's the only way the technician can get a full view of your brake system's pieces and parts.

- BRAKE PADS: Most people are familiar with brake pads, the plates that apply pressure to the
 rotors to slow your car. Brake pads squeak and squeal when it's time for them to be replaced.
 A technician will measure brake pad thickness according to your manufacturer's
 recommendations. If your state has laws regarding minimum lining or pad thickness, they will
 consult these as well!
- BRAKE CALIPERS: Brake calipers squeeze the brake pads against the rotors to slow your car. A technician will examine the caliper assemblies for looseness, rust, and signs of leakage.
- BRAKE ROTORS: At the same time, the technician will check brake rotors for scoring, overheating, and physical damage like cracks. Such signs could also signal caliper trouble.

Automotive Service Technology Rubric

Evaluation Criteria Point 1: Basic Check (Wiper Blades, Lights, Ai Point 2: Fluid Level & Condition Checks (Windshield Washer Flui Motor Oil, Power Steerin, Brake Fluid, Transmissio Coolant) Point 3: Tire Mainten Check (Tire Pressure, T Tread Depth, Tire Condit Alignment) Point 4: Hoses, Belts Wires (Belts, Spark Plug Ignition Wires, Power Ste	ir Filter) d, g Fluid, on Fluid, ance Fire tion, and gs,	0 Not Done 0 Not Done 0 Not Done	1-3 Demonstrated minimal skills 1-3 Demonstrated minimal skills 1-3 Demonstrated	4-6 Demonstrated most skills 4-6 Demonstrated most skills 4-6	7-10 Demonstrated all skills 7-10 Demonstrated all skills 7-10	
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Point 4: Hoses, Belts Wires (Belts, Spark Plug	gs,	0	minimal skills	Demonstrated most skills	Demonstrated all skills	
Ignition Wires, Power Ste	gs,	0	1-3	4-6	7-10	
Hoses)	eering	Not Done	Demonstrated minimal skills	Demonstrated most skills	Demonstrated all skills	
Point 5: Battery Char and Connections Ch	rge ook	0	1-3	4-6	7-10	
(Battery, Battery Accesso Battery Starting/Charging	ories, g)	Not Done	Demonstrated minimal skills	Demonstrated most skills	Demonstrated all skills	
Point 6: Steering and Suspension Check (U- Joints, Ball Joints, Constant Velocity Boots/Joints, Shocks and Struts)		0	1-3	4-6	7-10	
		Not Done	Demonstrated minimal skills	Demonstrated most skills	Demonstrated all skills	
Point 7: Brake System		0	1-3	4-6	7-10	
Inspection (Brake Pad Brake Calipers, Brake Ro		Not Done	Demonstrated minimal skills	Demonstrated most skills	Demonstrated all skills	
				Total Ski	ll Points (out of 30)	
Vehicle Inspection R	eport					
Evaluation Criteria	_					
	0	1-3	4-5	6-8	9-10	
• indicat	Checkpoints ted on report e inspected	Minimal correct checkpoints indicated on report were inspected	Some correct checkpoints indicated on report were inspected	Most checkpoints indicated on report were inspected	All checkpoints indicated on report were inspected	
	0	1-3	4-5	6-8	9-10	
	efects were ndicated	Minimal defects were indicated with little to no detail	Some defects were indicated with minimal detail	Most defects were indicated with good detail, All defects were indicated with minimal detail	All defects were indicated with good detail	
	0	1-3	4-5	6-8	9-10	
	port is not ble, cannot read	Report looks like it was done in a hurry and has several distracting errors	May have 1-2 distracting errors, it was done with some care	Easy to read, neatly handwritten, no distracting errors, done with care	Easy to read, no distracting errors, done with pride	
.			Tota	al Vehicle Inspectior	n Points (30 points)	

Presentation of Inspec Evaluation Criteria	tion to Judge						
	0	1	2	3	4	5	
Use of Vehicle During Presentation	Vehicle was not used during presentation	Vehicle was used to limit amount of speaking time	Vehicle was used minimally during presentation	Vehicle was used throughout presentation	Vehicle was used effectively throughout presentation	Presentation moves seamlessly between presentation and vehicle	
	0	1	2	3	4	5	
Use of Inspection Report During Presentation	Report was not used during presentation	Report was used to limit amount of speaking time	Report was used minimally during presentation	Report was used throughout presentation	Report was used effectively throughout presentation	Presentation moves seamlessly between presentation and Report	
	0		1-3	4-6		7-9	
Safety	Disorganized, is disregard		tionable safety	Most tools and are handled s and prope	safely hand	ls and parts are led safely and properly	
Maine witch towns	0		1	2	-	3	
Voice- pitch, tempo, volume	Voice qualities not Voice quality is used effectively adequate		Voice quality is good, but could improve Voice quality is outstanding and pleasing				
Body Language/ Clothing Choice	0 Uses inappro gestures, post mannerisms, a eye contac inappropriate c	ure, or manne avoids o ct/ incons	1 ures, posture, erisms, and eye contact is sistent/clothing appropriate	2 Gestures, por mannerisms contact, and cl are appropr	, eye man lothing contac	3 ures, posture, nerisms, eye ct, and clothing ce presentation	
	1	2		3	4	5	
Grammar/Word Usage	Extensive (mor than 5) grammatical ar pronunciation errors	d grammatica	l and gramma tion pronur	ntical and gram	imatical and r	resentation has no grammatical r pronunciation errors	
	0	2	4	6	8	10	
Response to Evaluators' Questions	Did not answer evaluators' questions	Unable to answer some questions	Responded to all questions but without ease or accuracy	Responded adequately to all questions	Gave appropriate responses to evaluators' questions	Responses to questions were appropriate and given without hesitation	
	·			Pr	esentation To	tal (out of 60)	
					tion Report To	· · · · · ·	
				Plus (Checkpoint To	tal (out of 30)	
TOTAL SCORE							

JUDGE COMMENTS: